

Вариант 6

Раздел 1. Аудирование

1

Вы услышите 6 высказываний. Установите соответствие между высказываниями каждого говорящего A–F и утверждениями, данными в списке 1–7. Используйте каждое утверждение, обозначенное соответствующей цифрой, только один раз. В задании есть одно лишнее утверждение. Вы услышите запись дважды. Запишите свои ответы в таблицу.

1. When you don't have much money, hitch-hiking is one way to travel.
2. There's a very inspirational movie about hitch-hiking.
3. Hitch-hiking works because it's based on the principle of give-and-take.
4. While traveling it's best to have everything pre-planned.
5. To make hitch-hiking safe and fun, you should follow several rules.
6. There are some pluses and minuses about hitch-hiking.
7. Hitch-hiking is a popular basis for film plots.

Ответ:

Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E	F
Утверждение						

2

Вы услышите диалог. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений A–G соответствуют содержанию текста (1 — True), какие не соответствуют (2 — False) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (3 — Not stated). Запишите номер выбранного Вами варианта ответа в таблицу. Вы услышите запись дважды.

- A** Jack has had a busy week.
- B** Jack and Irene are fond of music.
- C** Jack loves country music because it has a lot of meaning.
- D** Jack and Irene like Tracy Chapman.
- E** Irene has never been to Tracy Chapman's live concert.
- F** Jack is ready to pay a lot of money to go to Tracy Chapman's concert.
- G** Jack and Irene are going out for the night.

Ответ:

Утверждение	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Соответствие диалогу							

Вы услышите интервью. В заданиях 3–9 запишите в поле ответа цифру 1, 2 или 3, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

3 What conclusion does the new medical study suggest?

- 1) People have become healthier.
- 2) People now live longer.
- 3) Men now live longer than women.

Ответ:

4 What is Richard Horton's opinion of the recent medical statistics?

- 1) They are controversial.
- 2) They present really bad news.
- 3) They are positive in many ways.

Ответ:

5 According to the recent medical statistics, more people now die of

- 1) malaria.
- 2) poor diet.
- 3) TB.

Ответ:

6 Which of the following is NOT mentioned by Richard Horton as 'a big disease which won't go away'?

- 1) AIDS.
- 2) TB.
- 3) Measles.

Ответ:

7 According to Mike Cohen, heart diseases are now related to

- 1) one's lifestyle.
- 2) infections.
- 3) low-fat diet.

Ответ:

8 What does Lora Johns say about non-communicable diseases?

- 1) They are mostly caused by smoking.
- 2) More people suffer from them than from infectious ones.
- 3) The most common among them is stroke.

Ответ:

9 What conclusion does Joshua Salomon make of the research?

- 1) Chronic illnesses are still a big problem.
- 2) Disability is a minor problem.
- 3) Reducing mortality is the main goal for medicine.

Ответ:

По окончании выполнения заданий 1–9 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов в заданиях 1 и 2 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

Раздел 2. Чтение

10

Установите соответствие между текстами А–Г и заголовками 1–8. Запишите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании один заголовок лишний.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Varieties of theatre 2. A step to a wider variety 3. Not the least important 4. Theatre and politics | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 5. Stars for a repertoire 6. Modern problems 7. Origin of theatre 8. Ladies enter |
|--|--|
-
- A. Modern Western theatre comes in large measure from ancient Greek drama, from which it takes technical terminology, classification into genres, and many of its themes, stock characters, and plot elements. The Greeks also developed the concepts of dramatic criticism, acting as a career, and theatre architecture. The theatre of ancient Greece consisted of three types of drama: tragedy, comedy, and the satyr play.
 - B. Western theatre developed and expanded considerably under the Romans. The Roman historian Livy wrote that the Romans first experienced theatre in the 4th century BC. The theatre of ancient Rome was a thriving and diverse art form, ranging from festival performances of street theatre, nude dancing, and acrobatics, to the staging of broadly appealing situation comedies, to the high-style, verbally elaborate tragedies.
 - C. Theatre took on many different forms in the West between the 15th and 19th centuries, including commedia dell'arte and melodrama. The general trend was away from the poetic drama of the Greeks and the Renaissance and toward a more naturalistic prose style of dialogue, especially following the Industrial Revolution. Theatre today, broadly defined, includes performances of plays and musicals, ballets, operas and various other forms.
 - D. The eighteenth century in Britain introduced women to the stage, which would have been extremely inappropriate before. These women were looked at as celebrities but on the other hand, it was still very new and revolutionary that they were on the stage and some said they were unladylike and looked down on. Charles II did not like young men playing the parts of young women, so he asked that women play their own parts.
 - E. Theatre took a big pause during 1642 and 1660 in England because of Cromwell's Interregnum. Theatre was seen as something sinful and the Puritans tried very hard to drive it out of their society. Because of this stagnant period, once Charles II came back to the throne in 1660, theatre (among other arts) exploded because of a lot of influence from France, where Charles was in exile the years previous to his reign.
 - F. Stagecraft is a term referring to the technical aspects of theatrical, film, and video production. It includes constructing scenery, hanging and focusing of lighting, design and procurement of costumes, makeup, props, stage management, and recording and mixing of sound. Considered a technical rather than an artistic field, it is equally crucial for the practical implementation of a designer's artistic idea.

- G. While most modern theatre companies rehearse one piece of theatre at a time, perform that piece for a set “run”, retire the piece, and begin rehearsing a new show, repertory companies rehearse multiple shows at one time. Repertory theatre generally involves a group of similarly accomplished actors, and relies more on the reputation of the group than on an individual star actor.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E	F	G

11

Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски A–F частями предложений, обозначенными цифрами 1–7. Одна из частей в списке 1–7 лишняя. Занесите цифры, обозначающие соответствующие части предложений, в таблицу.

A Young Mayor

This is a very unusual case, but as you will see, unusual doesn't mean impossible.

An 18-year-old school girl has become the youngest mayor of a British town in history. Amanda Bracebridge, A _____, won leadership of Clun village council in a dramatic election last night. The tiny village only has 122 voters and Amanda won the election by just two votes from the only other candidate, 69-year-old Fred Gardner of the Conservative party. Amanda, B _____, was an independent candidate. She was surprised by her success, C _____ . “My election promise was to make sure D _____,” she told us. She was referring to the plans from a large company to buy up farmland and build flats there. “We live in one of the most beautiful villages in Shropshire and I want to make sure it stays that way.”

Amanda, who is in her last year at nearby Bishop's Castle High School, E _____ and her exams which she takes in two months. “It's going to be a pretty busy few months,” she said. “But when the exams are over I will be able to concentrate completely on helping my village”.

Amanda had plans to go to university but is now going to start a year later F _____. “I've talked to Leeds University and they say my place will wait for me”. And what is she going to study? Politics? “No, actually, I am going to do sociology and economics”.

1. who is not a member of any political party
2. but it was not a total shock to her
3. being a politics student at the university
4. that our village would be protected from outside interests
5. so she can do her job as mayor properly
6. will have to find time for her work as mayor
7. who is only just old enough to vote herself

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E	F

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания 12–18. В каждом задании запишите в поле ответа цифру 1, 2, 3 или 4, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.

Internet

Internet is one of the greatest tools we have today. Billions of bits of information, unlimited ways to connect, games to play, videos to watch, things to learn. There's something for everyone. We Facebook, tumble, stumble, and tweet more now than ever. Social media is connecting us in incredible ways. You can create communities of like-minded people that would never meet before on the Internet. But, due to this, we are spending copious amounts of time on the World Wide Web, and it's slowly changing who you are as a person.

I went for a long period of time where I didn't read a book. I finally got around to picking up a few new books and as soon as I started reading them, I struggled. I couldn't hold concentration like I used to. I would read a whole paragraph with my mind elsewhere or had this constant anxious feeling to do something else, even when there was absolutely nothing else to do. My mind would jump from one thought to another and I barely could read a chapter in one sitting. A talked to a few people about this, and I even looked to the trusty Internet for my solution. I found that I'm not alone, many people report the same type of concentration shift. The reason for this is the information overload via Internet.

We take in 34 gigabytes of information each day now. That is 5 times more than we did 20 years ago. There is so much going on in our minds that we rarely spend any time on one particular bit of information because there is always something new and more intriguing just around the corner. When we land on a webpage, we spend the average of about 50 seconds, if that, and know that there are at least 5 other links we can click on the page. We can still concentrate, but our minds would much rather be focused on a series of things, not one thought.

Not only is it altering our concentration on reading long works, but it's changing "how" we read. We no longer read; we skim. This is our way of adapting to this information overload. It would take too long to process all this information and we don't need everything. We sift through the information and get to the main point or relevant material.

The way things are written online is changing for us as well. For anyone who has written a blog post, it's a much different style of writing compared to novels and even newspaper articles. The things we read online are as clear and concise as possible. Adjectives are a thing of the past. The information is usually already condensed for you, and is separated into neat headlines that make it easy to scan the page in a few seconds. We don't focus on comprehension anymore, we know what we're looking for and we find it quickly.

The way we are reading things is just the start, the way we are thinking is changing too. Before, we had calm linear thoughts, one thing led to another. Now, our thoughts are jumping back and forth between so many things. We have one thought, which leads to four or five other non-related thoughts, and then some time later we return to the original thought. This is a direct result of our attention being focused on so many things for so little time on the web. There is always a link that can take us somewhere new and start a new train of thoughts.

We've developed a much more fluid way of thinking. And it's not a bad thing. It's making us more creative. You are much more efficient at combing and filtering through ideas, which in essence is what inspiration is. Linear thought is very organized and does not leave room for new ideas.

So, the Internet has become an essential part of our daily lives. But it's also important to disconnect for a while and to take care of your body and mind. Create a balance of time online and in the real world, so you can reap the positive cognitive abilities the Internet is giving you and avoid forming an unhealthy set of habits that will cost you later in life.

12 According to the author, Internet changes people because

- 1) of the amount of information it provides.
- 2) it adds lots of friends.
- 3) they spend too much time online.
- 4) it helps to create new communities.

Ответ:

13 Why does Internet, according to the author, influence reading concentration?

- 1) It leaves less time for reading.
- 2) It provides excessive information.
- 3) The information there changes too fast.
- 4) The bits of information there are very short.

Ответ:

14 Which of the following is NOT a feature of an online text?

- | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| 1) Lots of descriptive words. | 3) Reduced size. |
| 2) Informative headline. | 4) Clarity. |

Ответ:

15 The way people read has changed because

- 1) they had to read faster.
- 2) they lost interest in serious literature.
- 3) they don't need all the information they read about.
- 4) they had to adjust to new conditions.

Ответ:

16 According to the author the new way of thinking helps people

- | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1) filter useless information. | 3) develop creativity. |
| 2) choose right things. | 4) browse the Internet effectively. |

Ответ:

17 The author calls for

- 1) allowing more time for personal life.
- 2) giving equal attention to real world and Internet.
- 3) a healthy life style.
- 4) developing thinking abilities.

Ответ:

18 It can be implied from the text that the author's attitude towards Internet is sooner

- 1) positive. 3) skeptical.
2) neutral. 4) negative.

Ответ:

По окончании выполнения заданий 10–18 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов в заданиях 10 и 11 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

Раздел 3. Грамматика и лексика

Прочитайте приведённые ниже тексты. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 19–25, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текстов. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы 19–25.

Russian inventions: holography

19 Do you know what holography is? It is a technique _____ BASE
on lasers, which enable 3-D (three-dimensional) images to be made.

20 In 1962, Soviet physicist Yuri Denisjuk _____ COME
the first reflection hologram also known as the "Denisjuk hologram".

21 Now the technology _____ USE
and it was the first to allow multi-color image reproduction in
holograms.

Grey hair

22 Johnny noticed a change in his mother's appearance. "Mommy, some
of your hairs _____ grey. Why?" the curious child TURN
asked.

23 The mother tried to use this occasion to teach her child: "It is because
of you, dear. Every bad action of _____ shows on my YOU
hair.

24 It _____ one my hairs grey!" TURN

25 The child replied innocently: "Now I know why my grandmother has
only grey hair on her head."
Most children are _____ than adults think. SMART

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 26–31, однокоренные слова так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы 26–31.

Can animals think?

- 26 In his quarters at the University of Arizona, Alex is commenting on all that he sees. "Hot!" he warns as a _____ picks up a mug of tea. Alex spots a plateful of fruit and announces his choice: "Grape." Alex is an African grey parrot. VISIT
- 27 For the last 16 years, _____ Irene Pepperberg has been exploring the degree to which the bird understands what he is saying. BIOLOGY
- 28 Alex also communicates what appear to be _____ feelings. VARY
- 29 Are the parrot's words _____ a collection of sounds he emits when frustrated, or does this one-pound bird know what he is saying? MERE
- 30 For centuries, philosophers argued that _____ and language separate humans from other species. Later, scientists had reason to be critical of claims concerning animal intelligence. THINK
- 31 Today innovative probes of animal intelligence have convinced most scientists that other species really share with humans some higher mental _____. ABLE

Прочитайте текст с пропусками, обозначенными номерами 32–38. Эти номера соответствуют заданиям 32–38, в которых представлены возможные варианты ответов. Запишите в поле ответа цифру 1, 2, 3 или 4, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.

Cats leave their mark on centuries of books

Once, an academic Emir Filipovi was researching a medieval Italian manuscript. It was a book which he [32] _____ from the State Library Archives. He discovered

that the manuscript was stained with inky cat paw prints. The discovery has placed Filipovi at the centre of a social media whirl, and he says he's still surprised **33** _____ how popular the photograph has proved to be.

"I **34** _____ out that one of the main reasons why people had a positive response to it is down to the fact that it makes you imagine the scene in your head when the cat jumped onto the book. This especially **35** _____ to cat owners, who are familiar with such typical cases, but also to people who do not own pets since they can still identify with the unfortunate writer," Filipovi says.

"One other important thing is that some people **36** _____ to associate the past times with history as a boring school subject focused on politics and wars. They forget that the past was full of 'normal' everyday events like today, and that **37** _____ people who lived in the past were not much different from us. This picture with the cat paw prints **38** _____ everybody about it."

The cat owners know how annoying it is to have a purring cat trying to climb onto our keyboards while we're working, and I love the thought of a medieval writer being similarly irritated.

- | | | | | |
|-----------|---------------------------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|
| 32 | 1) lent | 2) borrowed | 3) rented | 4) hired |
| | Ответ: <input type="checkbox"/> | | | |
| 33 | 1) at | 2) with | 3) in | 4) of |
| | Ответ: <input type="checkbox"/> | | | |
| 34 | 1) looked | 2) got | 3) worked | 4) took |
| | Ответ: <input type="checkbox"/> | | | |
| 35 | 1) attracts | 2) appeals | 3) favours | 4) interests |
| | Ответ: <input type="checkbox"/> | | | |
| 36 | 1) look | 2) see | 3) show | 4) appear |
| | Ответ: <input type="checkbox"/> | | | |
| 37 | 1) yet | 2) just | 3) just | 4) still |
| | Ответ: <input type="checkbox"/> | | | |
| 38 | 1) reminds | 2) revises | 3) recollects | 4) recalls |
| | Ответ: <input type="checkbox"/> | | | |

По окончании выполнения заданий 19–38 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов в заданиях 19–31 буквы записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

Раздел 4. Письмо

Для ответов на задания 39 и 40 используйте бланк ответов № 2. Черновые пометки могут делаться прямо на листе с заданиями или можно использовать отдельный черновик. При выполнении заданий 39 и 40 особое внимание обратите на то, что Ваши ответы будут оцениваться только по записям, сделанным в БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ № 2. Никакие записи черновика не будут учитываться экспертом. Обратите внимание также на необходимость соблюдения указанного объёма текста. Тексты недостаточного объёма, а также часть текста, превышающая требуемый объём, не оцениваются. Запишите сначала номер задания (39, 40), а затем ответ на него. Если одной стороны бланка недостаточно, Вы можете использовать другую его сторону.

39

You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen-friend Mary who writes:

...Yesterday I saw a documentary film about tigers. Don't you think documentary films about animals are often better than feature films? What do you think people can do to help endangered animals? What animals do you find most amazing and why?

Next week we'll have a fancy-dress ball at school, I can't wait ...

Write a letter to Mary.

In your letter

- answer her questions
- ask 3 questions about the fancy-dress ball.

Write 100–140 words.

Remember the rules of letter writing.

40

Comment on the following statement.

School classmates make the best friends.

What is your opinion? Do you agree with this statement?

Write 200–250 words.

Use the following plan:

- make an introduction (state the problem)
- express your personal opinion and give 2–3 reasons for your opinion
- express an opposing opinion and give 1–2 reasons for this opposing opinion
- explain why you don't agree with the opposing opinion
- make a conclusion restating your position